# GLS UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF COMMERCE SMPIC B.COM.[HONOURS]SEMESTER- 1 SYLLABUS 2020-21

#### **CORPORATE ACCOUNTING -1**

Course Module No.	Topics / Chapters Name
I	Accounting For Share Capital
1	Issue, Forfeiture and Reissue of Shares
	Pro-rata Allotment
	Issues relating to Calls in Arrears, Calls in advance
	Buy Back of Shares
II	Debentures
	Issue & Redemption of Debentures
	Buyback of Debentures
III	[A]Alteration of Share Capital
	[B] Issue of Bonus Shares & Right Shares
	[C] Redemption of Preference Shares
IV	Capital Reduction
	Introduction-Provisions of Companies Act-Methods-
	Accounting Entries-Capital Reduction a/c-
	Reconstruction a/c-Surrender of Share
V	[A] Underwriting Commission
	Provisions under Company Law
	Types of Agreement
	Marked &Unmarked applications
	Firm Underwriting
	[B] Profit Prior to Incorporation
	Introduction -Methods determination of pre-
	incorporation profit/loss - Apportionment ratios &
	statement – Accounting Treatment of pre-incorporation
¥7¥	profit/loss
VI	Accounting Standards
	[A] Introduction , Evolution, utility and limitations of
	Accounting Standards  [P.] Overview of Accounting Standards
	[B] Overview of Accounting Standards  AS 1 Disclosure of Accounting Policies
	AS-1 Disclosure of Accounting Policies AS-2 Valuation of Inventories
	AS-10 Plant Property & Equipment
	A5-10 Frant Froperty & Equipment
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# FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING-1

Course Module No.	Topics / Chapters Name
I	Basics of Accounting
	Basics of Accounting including meaning of Generally
	Accepted Accounting Principles, Fundamental
	Accounting Assumptions ,Accounting Policies
	Accounting as a measurement discipline – Valuation
	Principles & Accounting estimates
	Contingent Assets & Contingent Liabilities
II	Consignment accounts
	Meaning, features of Consignment
	Invoice price and loading
	Valuation of unsold stock with consignee
	Abnormal Loss and Goods-in-transit
	Accounting in the books of Consignor and Consignee
III	Accounting for Joint ventures
	Meaning-Features-
	Difference between Joint Venture & Partnership
	Various Methods of recording transactions
IV	<b>Accounting for Incomplete Records</b>
	Conversion Method
	Characteristics
	Pure & Popular Single entry
	Difference between Single Entry & Double Entry
	Methods of conversion of Single Entry into Double entry
${f V}$	Insurance Claims
	Claims for Loss of Sock
	Normal & Abnormal Stock of Goods
	Claims for Loss of Profit (Consequential Loss Policy)
	Claims for Loss of various Assets
VI	Hire Purchase & Instalment system
	Nature of Hire purchase agreement,
	Legal Agreement
	Ascertainment of Total Cash Price

### **BUSINESS STATISTICS**

Course Module No.	Topics/Chapters Name
I	Part A: Introduction to Statistics
	<ul> <li>Origin and Development</li> <li>Definitions</li> <li>Importance and Scope</li> <li>Limitations</li> <li>Distrust of Statistics</li> </ul>
	Part B: Business Forecasting
	<ul> <li>Meaning</li> <li>Uses of Business Forecasting</li> <li>Types of Business Forecasting</li> <li>Methods of Forecasting</li> <li>Method of Least Squares: Fitting of Straight Line, Fitting of Second Degree Parabola</li> <li>Exponential Smoothing Method</li> </ul>
II	<ul> <li>Measures of Central Tendency</li> <li>Various Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, Median, Mode, Geometric Mean, Harmonic Mean, Quartiles, Deciles and Percentiles for Ungrouped and Grouped Data.</li> <li>Definitions, Uses, Merits and Limitations of the above measures.</li> <li>Combined mean and Weighted mean</li> </ul>

III	Measures of Dispersion
	<ul> <li>Meaning of Dispersion</li> <li>Various Measures of Dispersion: Range, Quartile Deviation, Mean Deviation,</li> <li>Variance, Standard Deviation, Coefficient of variation.</li> <li>Absolute and Relative Measures of all the above measures of dispersion.</li> <li>Combined Standard Deviation.</li> <li>Examples and problems</li> <li>Uses, Merits and Limitations of all the above measures</li> </ul>
IV	Correlation Analysis
	<ul> <li>Meaning of Correlation</li> <li>Types of Correlation</li> <li>Correlation Coefficient and its properties</li> <li>Methods of studying correlation: Scatter diagram method, Karl Pearson's product moment method, Spearman's method of rank correlation, Intra class correlation</li> <li>Correlation Coefficient for bivariate frequency distribution</li> <li>Probable Error</li> <li>Coefficient of Determination</li> <li>Concurrent Deviations Method</li> </ul>
V	Regression Analysis
	<ul> <li>Meaning of Regression</li> <li>Types of Regression Analysis</li> <li>Linear Regression Model</li> <li>Equations of Lines of Regression</li> <li>Regression Coefficients and their properties</li> <li>Examples and problems</li> <li>Difference between Correlation and Regression</li> <li>Utility of Regression Analysis</li> </ul>

VI	Association of Attributes
	<ul> <li>Introduction</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Classification of Data</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Notations and Terminologies</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Consistency of Data</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Meaning of Association</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Types of Association</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Methods of Measuring Association for</li> </ul>
	Two Attributes: Frequency Method,
	Proportion Method, Yule's Coefficient of
	Association, Yule's Coefficient of
	Colligation
	<ul> <li>Association of Three Attributes</li> </ul>

# PERSPECTIVE OF MANAGEMENT

Course Module No.	Topics/chapter's Name
I	Introduction Of Marketing Management
	A. Fundamentals Of Marketing Management
	<ul> <li>An Overview Of Marketing Management ,</li> </ul>
	4 P's Marketing Mix
	<ul> <li>Difference Between Selling And</li> </ul>
	Marketing
	<ul> <li>Characteristics Of Modern Marketing</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>7Ps Marketing Mix In Service Sector</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Concepts Of Marketing Management</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Importance Marketing Management</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Strategy Of Marketing In Different</li> </ul>
	Demand Situations
	B. STP Analysis
	<ul> <li>Market Segmenting Basis</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Market Targeting In The New Edge</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Positioning And Its Strategies</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Product Differentiation</li> </ul>
II	Consumer Behaviour And Industry Environment
	A. Consumer Behaviour
	<ul> <li>Meaning And Factors Affecting</li> </ul>
	Consumer Behaviour
	<ul> <li>Types Of Customers</li> </ul>
	Buying Decision Process
	Customer Satisfaction And
	Retention
	B. Industrial And Competitive
	Environment
	Types Of Competitors
	Analysis Of The Competitors
	SWOT Analysis
	Michael Porters Five Forces Model
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III	Marketing Mix Management For Corporates
	A. Product Mix Decisions Branding,
	Packaging  Now Product Dayslonment And
	New Product Development And     ProductLife Cycle Management
	ProductLife Cycle Management  Pricing Decisions Objectives And
	Pricing Decisions-Objectives And  Types Of Pricing
	Types Of Pricing

	<ul> <li>Managing Distribution Network-Managing Retailing, Wholesaling</li> <li>Modern Types Of Retailing In India</li> <li>B. Contemporary Style Of Promotion And Advertisement</li> <li>Objectives And Importance Of Advertisement</li> <li>Media Of Advertisements</li> <li>Difference Between Advertisements And Publicity</li> <li>Modern Way Of Product Promotion</li> <li>Role Of Digital Media In Advertisement</li> </ul>
IV	Introduction To Finance Function
1 1	
	<ul> <li>(a) Financial Management</li> <li>Meaning AndEvolution Of Financial Management</li> <li>Scope AndGoals Of Financial Management</li> <li>Key Activities OfFinancial Management</li> <li>Role OfFinancial Manager In India</li> <li>Relationship OfFinance To Economics And Accounts</li> <li>Concept Of Profit And Wealth Maximisation</li> <li>(b) Financial Planning</li> <li>Meaning OfFinancial Planning</li> <li>Short AndLong Term Financial Planning</li> <li>Factors Affecting Financial Planning</li> </ul>
V	Acquisition and valuation of sources of finance
	A. Introductory of the concept – Time value of money
	Concept Of Time Value Of Money
	<ul><li>Simple Interest</li><li>Compound Interest</li></ul>
	B.Sources of finance
	• Characteristics
	<ul> <li>Long term finance</li> </ul>
	Short term finance
	<ul> <li>Internal sources of finance in India</li> </ul>
	External sources of finance in India
VI	International Financial Management AndVenture
	Capital (a) International Financial Management
	(m) and a month is a miniment

- Meaning OfInternational Financial Management
- Similarities Between Domestic FM AndIFM
- Importance OfIFM
- Foreign Exchange Market AndExchange Rates

#### (b) Venture Capital

- Meaning OfVenture Capital
- Features Of Venture Capital
- Types Of Venture Capital Capitalists
- Business Plan
- Funding Agencies

#### **ENGLISH PROFICIENCY AND BUSINESS COMMUNICATION-1**

Course Module No.	Topics / Chapters Name
I	English Language through Literature
	Text: Pinnacle
	• Short questions
	• Short notes
	Comprehension
II	Language work
	• Tenses
	Active / Passive voice
	Auxiliaries and modals
	<ul> <li>Prepositions</li> </ul>
III	Fundamentals of Communication
	Definition
	• Process
	Verbal and Non-verbal communication.
	Oral and Written Communication. (meaning, significance, advantages and disadvantages)
	<ul><li>significance, advantages and disadvantages)</li><li>Body Language, Paralanguage and Proxemics</li></ul>
	Body Zungunge, Furunangunge und Fromeines
IV	<b>Essentials of Communication</b>
	Listening skills
	Barriers to Communication
	Communication Networks
V	Written Composition
	Comprehension Passages
	<ul> <li>Precis Writing</li> </ul>
	Dialogue Writing
VI	
V1	Vocabulary Building
	Synonyms & Antonyms
	Common errors in English
	Idioms & Phrases